

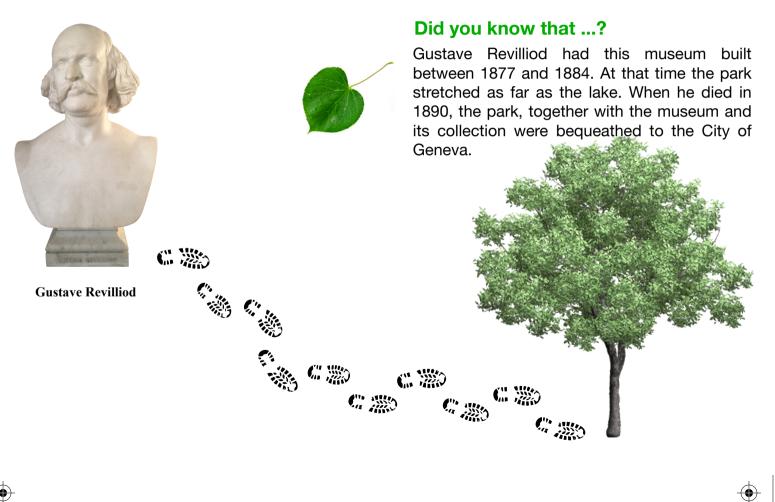
VILLE DE GENÈVE

Un musée Ville de Genève www.ariana-geneve.ch



Start your adventure looking for the treasures hidden in the park of the Ariana Museum. Once you have solved all the riddles, come to Room 3 of the museum on the ground floor (main entrance side) to claim your reward.

Mark with a cross on the map of the last page all the places you found.



Look for the Portuguese azulejos tile panel given to the City of Geneva by the State Secretary of the Portuguese communities in 2007. Recreate the panel using the adhesive stickers in the frame below.

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Did you know that ...?

In 1920 the City of Geneva donated a huge part of the museum park to the Society of Nations in order to build their headquarters. The presence of an international institution in Geneva was the first symbol of its commitment to peace.



Look for the bronze statue of a famous leader who devoted his entire life to world peace.That sculpture was given to Geneva in 2007.

Who is it?

Who gave this sculpture to the city?

One thing is missing. What is it ?



Draw this sculpture.

Look for the sculpture created by artist Dina Merhav and given to Switzerland in 1998.

What is its name?

Who gave it to the Swiss people?

Take a selfie in front of it.







In 1873 Gustave Revilliod bought a bronze bell in a foundry in Aarau and decided to place it in his park to mark the closing times for visitors.

Nearly 50 years later, a Japanese delegation recognized the bell of Shinagawa that disappeared in 1867 and asked for it to be returned to the temple.

The City of Geneva agreed.



As a thank you gift, Shinagawa gave the City of Geneva a granite lantern.

Look for the lantern and observe the patterns carved on it. An object made of ceramic, that is found in the museum collections, can be seen on one of the lantern sides.

Which one is it?





Did you know that ...?

In 1990, on the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the homecoming of the Japanese bell, the city of Shinagawa smelted an identical copy as a gift to the City of Geneva. The bell was placed in the park of the museum, sheltered under a pavillion and since then it has become the symbol of the long lasting friendship between Shinagawa and Geneva.



Look closely at the bell. It is adorned not only with several characters but also with an animal.

Which animal?

How many are there?

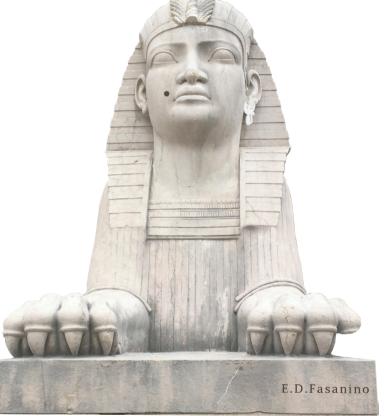
What is used to ring the bell?



In the 19th century the visitors entering the museum were welcomed by two sphinxes on either side of the front steps of the museum. These sculptures representing half-human and half-animal creatures, were created by Émile-Dominique Fasanino (1851-1910).

Compare this photo to the sphinx on the left of the front steps and identify the 7 differences.

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	





Some animals made of metal are hiding in the park. Can you find them? (Two answers).



Crab



Octopus





Fish



Duck



Wild goose



Stork



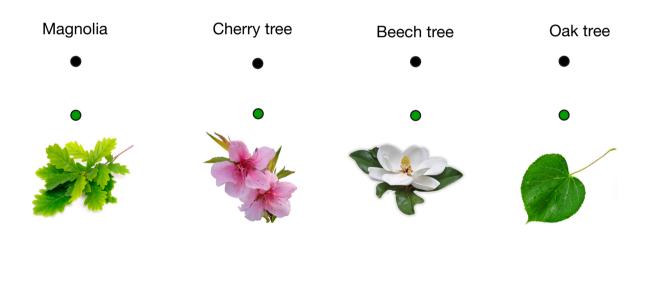
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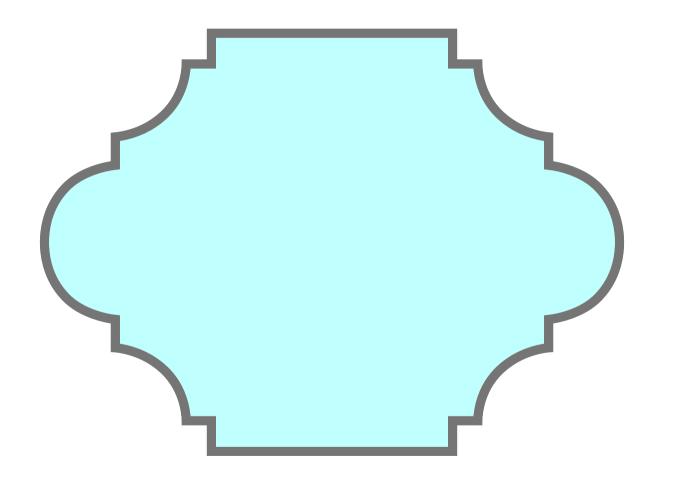
Gustave Revilliod highly valued the choice of trees and plants in his park. Whether centenary or young trees, the park keeps growing at its own pace.

Find the following trees in the park. Draw a cross on the map of the last page every time you have identified a tree, then join the name of the tree to its picture.





Draw the sculptures you can see in the fountain.



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